'Get in on the Act!!'

Freedom of Information Act 2000 (FOIA) & Prevent Referrals: July 2019



PREVENT REFERRAL DATA FOIA REQUESTS:

Always carefully consider the implications of releasing Prevent/Channel referral data to requestors- particularly where numbers are small and the request relates to personal information relating to age, ethnicity gender etc.

Public access to such data can potentially make it easier to identify a referral (or indeed for the individual to be able to recognise that the data is about them). compromising their participation in the Prevent/Channel programme, breaching their legal right to confidentiality, and making them potentially more vulnerable to radicalisation.

THE PUBLIC INTEREST TEST (PIT):

- The FOIA contains a number of exemptions which allows organisations to withhold information from a requester if it is believed that this would not be in the public interest.
- The FOIA 2000 PIT works to ensure there is tangible benefit to the public receiving information- not that they will simply find it interesting!
- There is therefore a balancing act between the PI arguments in favour of making a disclosure as opposed to the potential *harms* of making a disclosure. This is called applying the PIT.
- Where the *harm test* overrides PI considerations, there are specific <u>exemptions</u> under the FOIA 2000 which can potentially be applied, particularly where referral data is being requested.
- This should always decided on a case by case basis.

FOIA EXEMPTIONS:

Below are some existing exemptions based on published ICO decisions which can be considered when making replies:

Section 24(1) (Qualified)

"Considered necessary for the purposes of national security to exempt the information requested from disclosure."

Section 31 A (Qualified)

"Disclosure would, or would be likely to, prejudice the prevention or detection of crime and the apprehension or prosecution of offenders."

Section 41 (Absolute)

Relates to information obtained from a person if disclosure could constitute a breach of confidence. NB This exemption may apply in a Prevent milieu where the degree of information being requested could potentially disclose the identity of the referral .



The ICO Website (Information Commissioner's Office) contains more information on the FOIA and the various exemptions. There is also an archive of all previous decisions regarding non-disclosure of Prevent referral data by organisations- including where exemptions have been successfully applied. Please go to ICO Decisions and simply type the words 'Channel; or Prevent into the search engine.

Please remember!!



- Your organisation is the data controller for all recorded data-including Prevent/Channel referral data.
- Your organisation must make informed decisions regarding what data or information should be released to applicants requesting Prevent/Channel data under the FOIA 2000.
- With certain data i.e. which doesn't relate to personal or sensitive information (e.g. training figures), there is a presumption in favour of disclosure to enhance greater openness in the public sector.
- If you are unsure regarding making responses to Prevent FOIA requests, please seek advice from your FOIA or Information Governance Team or Senior Information Risk Owner.